

# Numsa on the United Front and the possibilities of establishing a movement for Socialism

4 March 2014, Posted in [Press Releases](#)

Numsa convened a press briefing on Sunday 2<sup>nd</sup> March 2014, for purposes of presenting our 2014 statement on a range of issues and to report the outcome of the historic Numsa Special National Congress held on 17-20 December 2013.

The media on Monday 3<sup>rd</sup> March 2014 ran with headlines screaming that Numsa is establishing a new political party. Given the many media enquiries we received we opted not to do a multitude of interviews, but to offer this brief statement which is in line with our 15 page statement of 2 March 2014, wherein we reiterate the following;

1. The Numsa Special National Congress concluded that the ANC led-Alliance has become dysfunctional and incapable of defending working class interest in the midst of the implementation of anti-working class policies such as;
  - The National Development Plan (NDP) which seeks to postpone the resolution of poverty, unemployment and inequality to 2030;
  - Implementation of the e-tolling which is nothing short of the privatization public roads;
  - Failure to ban Labour Brokers;
  - Introducing a National Youth Wage Subsidy which is a tax incentive/subsidy to the rich but a promises of an investigation into the modalities of a National Minimum Wage;

▪ Etc

2. The Alliance springs into action every 5 years when it is time for elections, but would otherwise not address pertinent issues agreed upon in Alliance Summits since 1994.

3. For all intents and purposes, the Freedom Charter, which is the minimum program which glued together the Alliance, has been abandoned in favour of GEAR and the NDP.

4. In the current circumstances we see leaderless services delivery protest of about 37 per day furthermore illustrating that the vulnerable and the poor in our society are left to their own devices.

5. The United Front Numsa resolved upon in its Special National Congress is a mobilising tool to organise and coordinate working class struggles. It is no different to what Cosatu had attempted in its Civil Society Conference. It is not "A Party".

6. Numsa is on record as saying that we shall explore and internationally research the possibility of a Movement for Socialism and report back to our Numsa Central Committee in March 2015 on the international experience in the struggle for Socialism. This remains our position as taken in the Special National Congress.

7. In a question posed in the media briefing on Sunday 2<sup>nd</sup> March 2014, Numsa NOB's did indicate that exploring a Movement For Socialism and the report-back on our international research report to the Numsa Central Committee of March 2015, shall invariably lead to the establishment of a working class party the form, shape and content shall be determined in consultation with left and progressive formations in our country. Whether such a working class party contest elections in 2016 or 2019, the Numsa March 2015 Central Committee shall resolve.

8. Numsa provincial and national consultative conferences shall be convened to enable Numsa National Office Bearers to share with left and progressive formations in our country the meaning of the Numsa Special National Congress resolutions. This Numsa position is no different from the one taken by Cosatu's 1993 conference in Shaft 17 which was never acted on by Cosatu but also never rescinded.

9. The idea that Numsa is forming a political party to contest 2014 elections is false and baseless.

10. Whereas Numsa shall not endorse nor resource the ANC's elections campaign, the SNC resolved that;

- Numsa shall not endorse any political party in the 2014 national and provincial government elections;
- Numsa members and officials have a right to vote for a political party of their choice.

We hope that this brief statement clarifies the Numsa Special National Congress position and resolutions

Issued by:

Karl Cloete

**Numsa Deputy General Secretary**

On behalf of the Numsa National Office Bearers

Contact: **Karl Cloete, Deputy General Secretary, 083 389 0777**

---

**NUMSA 2nd Deputy President**

# Comrades Basil Cele on jobs for Youth demonstration

Read this here:

<http://www.numsa.org.za/article/speakers-notes-numsa-2nd-deputy-president-comrades-basil-cele-jobs-youth-demonstration/>

---

## Numsa to strike for Youth Jobs

The National Union of Metalworkers of South Africa's (Numsa) representing 341 150 members will come out on a protected socio-economic strike on Wednesday 19 March 2014 to demand jobs for South Africa's youth.

This is the first of a series of rolling socio-economic strikes that the union decided on at its Special National Congress in December 2013.

Since November 2013, Numsa has been involved in negotiations with government at the National Economic Development and Labour Council (NEDLAC) where the union objected to the Employment Tax Incentive Bill that government had tabled in parliament.

see more  
here: <http://www.numsa.org.za/article/numsa-strike-youth-jobs-march-19-2014/>

and here:  
<http://www.numsa.org.za/article/joint-statement-numsa-trade-unions-progressive-social-movements/>

---

# Numsa General Secretary's presentation to The Cape Town Press Club

Find the link to this on our Global Pages > South Africa.

---

## The Workers Charter

### Workers' Charter

adopted by National Union of Metalworkers of South Africa (NUMSA) 1987

### Preamble

We, the working people of South Africa, the main producers of our country's wealth, declare:

*That, as workers, we are daily robbed of a rightful share of the fruits of our labour.*

*That, as black workers, we are subjected to even more intense exploitation by a system of capitalism which uses national domination to keep wages low and profits high.*

*That, as part of the black oppressed whose forebears were conquered by force of arms, we continue to suffer all the social, political, economic and cultural deprivations of a colonised people.*

*That, the most urgent task facing us as workers, as black*

*workers and as part of the black oppressed, is to use our organised strength both at the point of production and among our communities, to put an end to the race tyranny and to help bring about a united, non-racial, non-sexist democratic South Africa based on one person one vote, as broadly defined in the Freedom Charter.*

*That, we see the winning of such a non-racial democracy as part of a continuous process of creating conditions for the building of a socialist society which will be in the interests of all our people; a society free of all exploitation of person by person which alone can complete the liberation objectives in all spheres of social life.*

*That, we are the most vital social constituent of the broad liberation movement in which we play a part both as individuals and through our trade unions and political organisations. We stand ready to work together with all other classes and groups genuinely committed to a non-racial democracy, at the same time safeguarding our class independence and our right to propagate and mobilise for a socialist future.*

*That, we extend a hand of friendship to our white class brothers and sisters whose long-term interests lie in the unity of all labour – black and white.*

**In order to ensure:**

*that victory in the national liberation struggle is not hijacked by a new exploiting class, of whatever colour;*

*that the immediate interests of the working people are fully safeguarded in the post-apartheid state and;*

*that we are not prevented from asserting our democratic right to win the majority of the people for a socialist future;*

*we, the working people, adopt this charter (as an elaboration*

*of the Freedom Charter) and pledge ourselves to strive together, using our organised strength, to guarantee its implementation.*

## **Ownership and control of the economy**

*The commanding heights of the economy shall be placed under the ownership and overall control of the state acting on behalf of the people. Such control shall not be exercised in an over-centralised or commandist way and must ensure active participation in the planning and running of the enterprises by workers at the point of production and through their trade unions.*

*Economic policy shall aim to generate the resources needed to correct the economic imbalances imposed by race domination and bring about wealth redistribution for the benefit of the people as a whole. More particularly, steps shall be taken to do away with the white monopoly of ownership and managerial control.*

*Participation in the state sector by domestic or foreign private capital, where judged necessary, shall not give such capital a controlling share and all enterprises, whether state-owned or private, shall be compelled to safeguard the interests of the workers and the nation as a whole. The continued operation of market forces in the functioning of the economy shall not prevent state intervention in areas relating to the people's basic needs.*

*In the period after the defeat of the race tyranny, the fundamental perspective of working class political and trade union organisations shall be to work for the creation of economic and social conditions making possible a steady advance towards a democratic socialist society.*

## **The right and duty to work and to a living wage**

*Every adult person has a right and duty to work and to receive remuneration according to his or her contribution. The new state shall, as a matter of priority, work to create economic conditions in which jobs are available to all. Until this is achieved the state shall ensure that social support is provided for the unemployed and members of their families.*

*All managerial and administrative posts and other jobs shall be open to every qualified citizen irrespective of race, colour, sex or religion. The equal right of access to jobs, managerial and administrative posts shall be subject to positive measures necessary to correct the imbalances inherited from the era of race discrimination. Public and private institutions shall have a duty to provide facilities for training and opportunities to apply the acquired skills.*

*The State, in consultation with the trade unions, shall adopt and enforce a national minimum wage.*

*Child labour and all forms of forced and semi-forced labour shall be prohibited. Special attention shall be paid to redressing the*

*oppressive situation of workers involved in farm-work, domestic service and those trapped in the so-called homelands.*

## **The right to organisation and struggle**

*There shall be no restrictions on the rights of workers to organise themselves into political parties or trade unions. Trade union organisation shall be based on the principles of “one industry – one union” and “one country – one federation”.*

*Trade unions and their federation shall be completely independent and answerable only to the decisions of their members or affiliates, democratically arrived at. No*



*political party, state organ or enterprise, whether public, private or mixed, shall directly or indirectly interfere with such independence.*

*The state shall ensure that the trade unions, as the key mass social organisation of the organised working class, are given the opportunity to participate at all levels of economic planning and implementation.*

*All workers, in every sector of the economy, shall have the right, through their trade unions, to engage freely in collective bargaining and to use the strike weapon.*

*All legislation dealing with procedures for collective bargaining, including any limitations on the right to strike in exceptional cases, shall require the consent of a majority in the trade union movement.*

*In the case of all other labour legislation there shall be prior consultation with the trade union movement whose views on such proposed legislation should be timeously tabled in parliament.*

## **The right to media access**

*Steps shall be taken to break the existing media monopoly by big business and the State and to ensure effective workers' access to all sections of the media.*

### ***The right to family life and social facilities***

*All legislation and labour practices which prevent or interfere with the right of families to live together shall be outlawed. Migrant labour shall be phased out or, in cases where it is unavoidable, provision shall be made for family accommodation during any period of service exceeding three months.*

*The state shall aim to make adequate accommodation and children's schools available to all workers and their*

*families, close to their places of work. All enterprises shall help to create local or regional recreational facilities for the work-force as well as creches and primary health care facilities.*

*No parent, male or female, shall be disadvantaged or disabled from any form of employment by virtue of his or her duty to help rear children and, where necessary, this should be ensured by the creation of special facilities including provision for paid maternity and paternity leave.*

### **The right to health and safety**

*Conditions of work shall not threaten the health, safety and well-being of the work-force or of the community at large, or create serious ecological risks.*

*All workers shall have the right to paid annual leave and paid sick leave.*

*Those injured at work shall receive proper compensation for themselves and their families. Provision shall be made for the rehabilitation of all disabled workers including, where necessary, the provision of alternative employment.*

### **The right to security in old age**

*All workers shall be entitled to an adequate pension or retirement, provided either by the state or the relevant enterprise.*

### **The rights of women workers**

*The state shall aim to integrate all women workers as full and equal participants in the economy. Any form of discrimination against women workers in regard to job allocation, wages, working conditions, training, benefits, etc., shall be prohibited.*

*Positive steps shall be taken to help correct the discrimination suffered by women both in the work-place and the home.*

*Opportunities shall be created to enable women to acquire skills for employment outside the home.*

*It shall be the duty of the state, trade unions, workers, political parties and all other mass and social organisations to ensure effective*

*women's participation at leadership, management and other levels and to take measures, including educational campaigns, to combat all forms of male chauvinism both in the home and outside.*

*We declare that the above immediate and long-term objectives are in the best interests of all the working people and of society as a whole. As individuals and as part of the organised working class, we pledge to struggle, side by side, for their full implementation.*